Proceedings of the 3rd Annual Nitrogen: Minnesota's' Grand Challenge & Compelling Opportunity Conference



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Corn Yield and N Management Tools

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Promises

Pitfalls

Jim Schepers Retired USDA-ARS

2017

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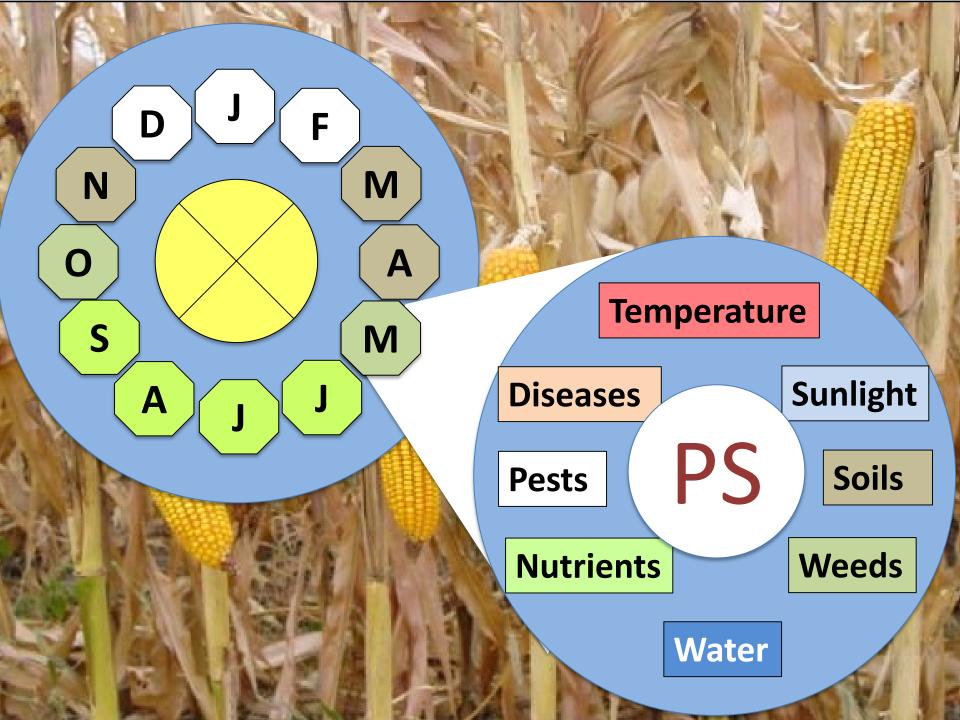
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Tasks and Activities Services ?

Corn Production Soil sampling and fertilizer rates Seed selection Plant emergence survey Weed scouting Insect and disease scouting Irrigation scheduling Irrigation water quality testing **Tissue testing Remote sensing** (plant health, irrigation problems) Yield map analysis **Reporting requirements**

- nitrate-N concentration in groundwater
- fertilizer N recommendation
- total N applied
- inches of water applied
- yield

Nitrogen Management Vendors



Considerations

Nitrogen Management Vendors



Commercial Management Products

DuPont Pioneer "Encirca" Monsanto Climate Corp "FieldView" "Adapt-N" WinField "*R7 Tool*" Western Ag Farmer's Edge ServiTech Beck's Hybrid "FARM Server" Yield 360 Center SATSHOTS

genetics genetics software resch/advisory consulting consulting consulting genetics tools/devices imagery

Goal Climate Soil Water Processes **Models** (crop, water, nutrients & climate) **Hybrid Selection Yield Maps** Considerations **Tissue Testing Remote Sensing Previous Crop Residual N Field Level vs. Spatial Nutrients Cultural Practice Tools In-Season Advice Marketing** (sales & purchases) **Multiple Product Sales** Web Site

Goals

Conveniently-deliver decision support services that help growers *increase profitability*, *production stability*, and *sustainability*

Solution to help *maximizing inputs* while *optimizing yield*

Profit maximization, risk mitigation, and scalable environmental benefits

Maximize yield profitability

Optimize profitability using multiple nutrient response (N, P, K, S) curves, crop prices, and fertilizer costs

Sustainable production of high yielding and high quality crops

Goals

Optimize producer profitability by routine field inspections, by recommending and helping incorporate appropriate technologies for fertility, varieties, irrigation, tillage, weed/insect management, federal/insurance programs, etc;

Offer a simple, secure, web based program to monitor variables and collect and analyze data to *increase productivity*

Measure and supply the right amount of N when the crop is ready to use it

Deliver "*Crop-Health Imagery*" analysis and notifications that **facilitate real-time management** and actionable variable rate application maps of fields

Climate



Farm Weather Data DTN network



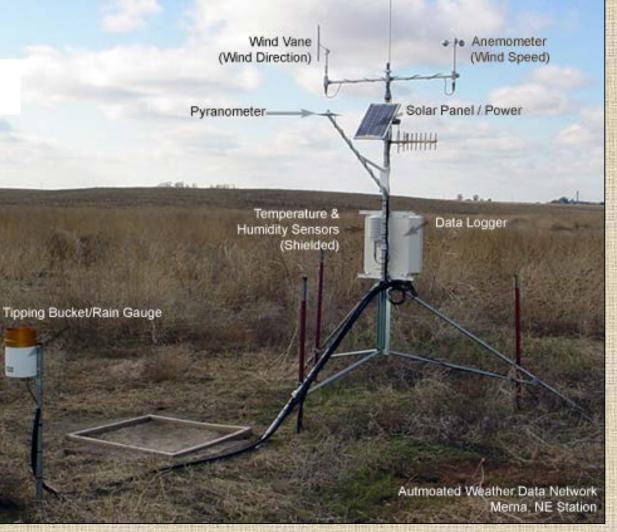
Class-A Weather Station

Provides long-term records

Typical Network Weather Station

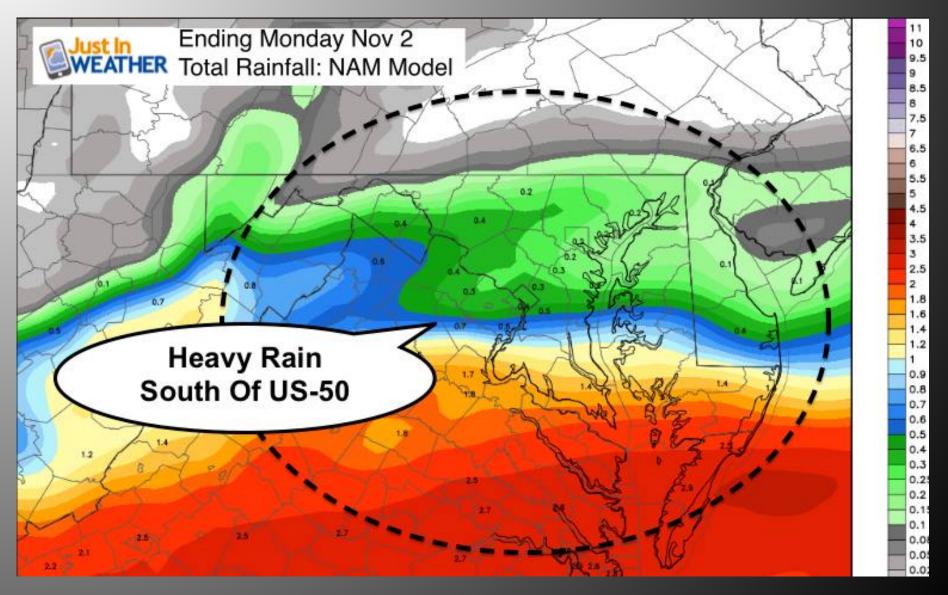
10 - State Network

"Mesonet" Stations



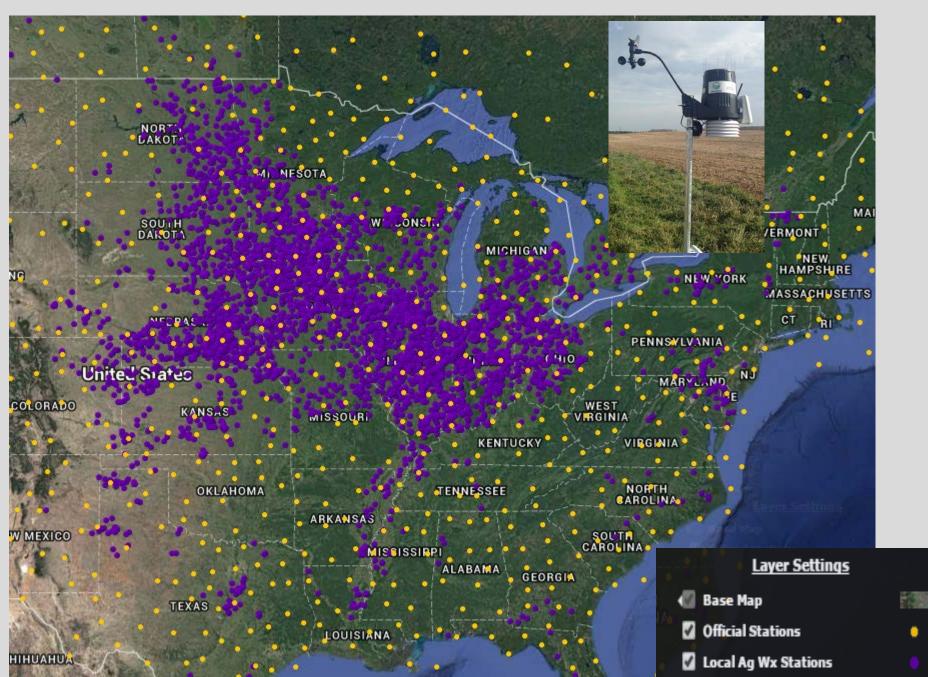
High Plains Regional Climate Center, Lincoln, NE (www.hprcc.unl.edu)

Simulated Precipitation Map - Example



Map based on radar data that was calibrated using rainfall records

Encirca Weather Network



Soils

SSURGO

SSURGO data base (means Soil Survey Geographical)

Generated and maintained by USDA - NRCS

See: websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov

Search Area of Interest Import AOI

Quick Navigation

Address State and County Soil Survey Area

Latitude and Longitude PLSS (Section, Township, Range)

Automatically linked to some service providers

Water Processes

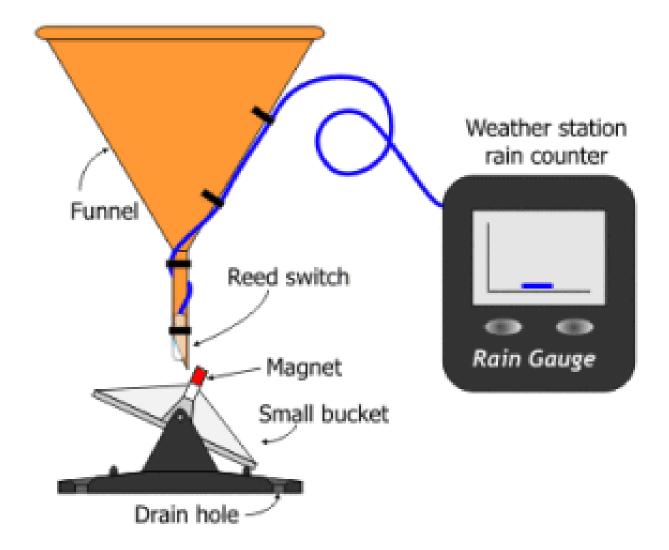
"Infiltration"

Some commercial services use models to estimate water infiltration, percolation and N losses. needs SSURGO soil PLUS climate data most use the tipping-bucket rain gauge approach, IF ANY

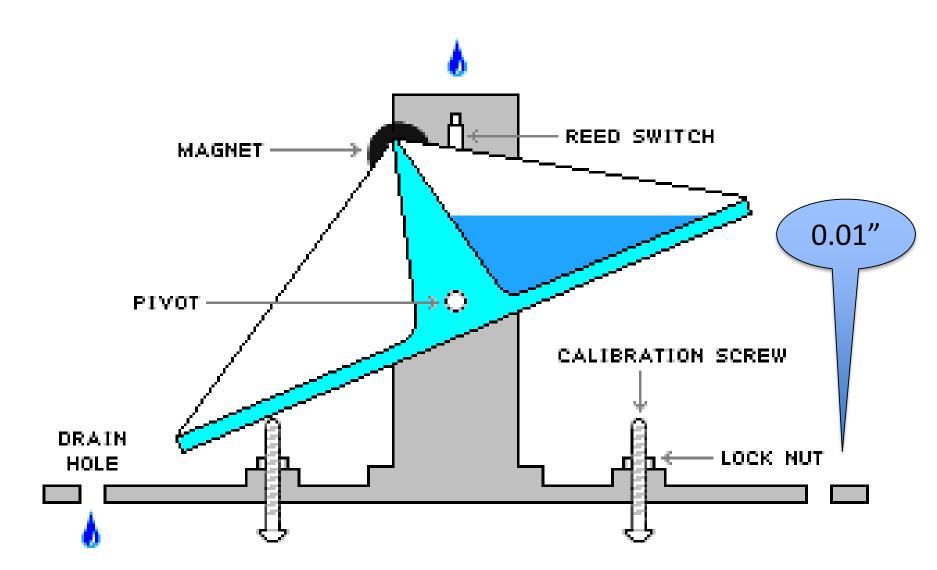
"Hydrology"

Some commercial services use models to route water across the landscape and to the edge of the field.

Tipping Bucket Rain Gauge



Tipping Bucket Rain Gauge



Sample of Soil Profile Variability



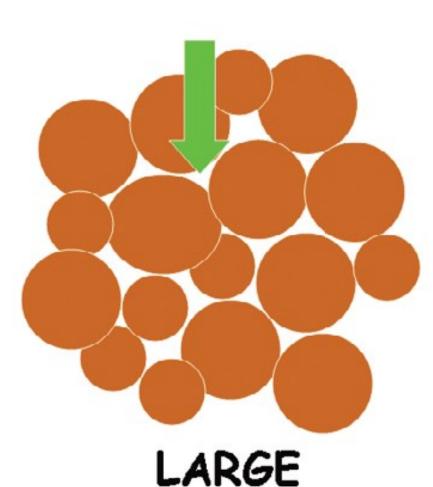
Samples of Soil Development



 H_2O

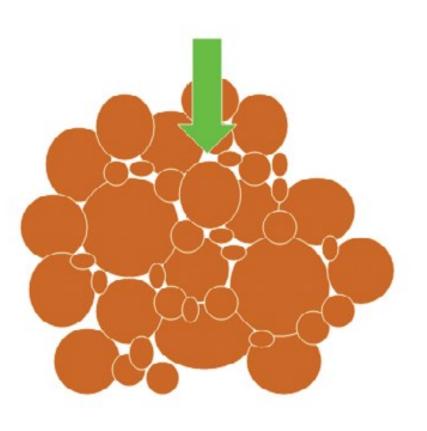
Earthworm holes and channels

See root distribution



SMALL MICROPORES

MACROPORES



Tracer Dye

See vertical flow until water reached impeding layer

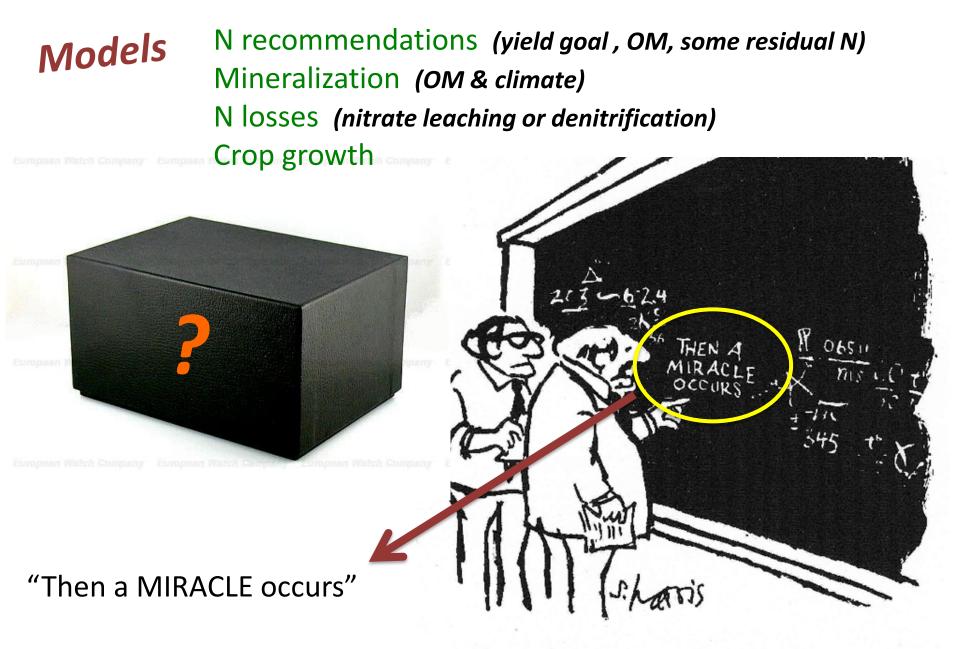
See vertical flow through dense layer via cracks and root channels



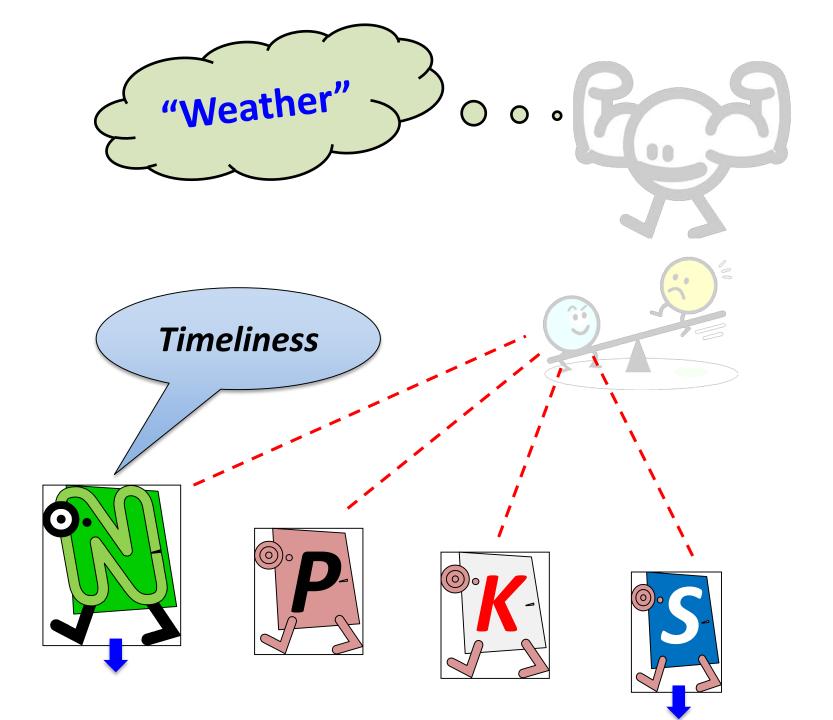
Tracer Dye



Chisel, Strip-Till, Injected Fertilizer

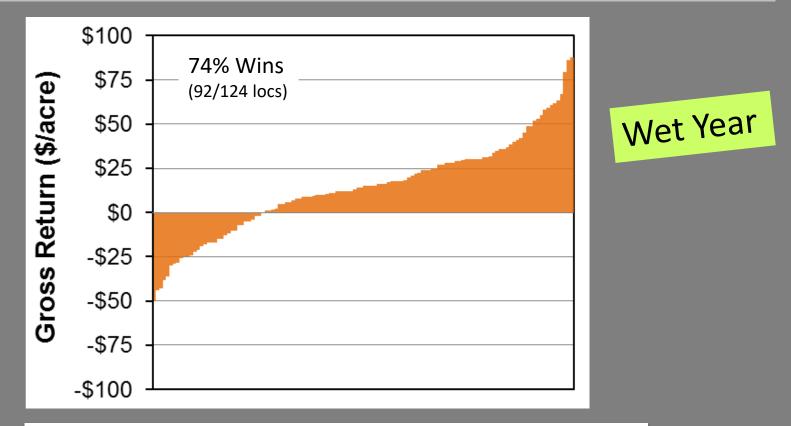


"I think you should be more explicit here in step two."



2015 Results: Win Ratio

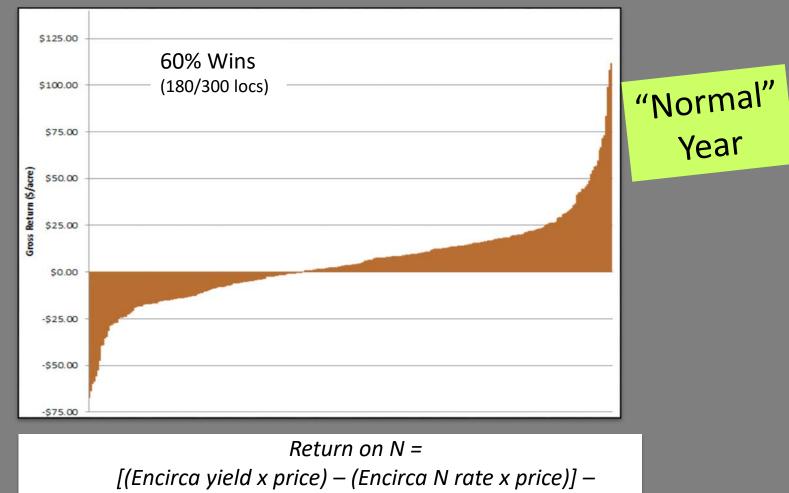
EncircaSM improved return on N fertilizer investment in 74 % of trials



Return on N = [(Encirca yield x price) – (Encirca N rate x price)] – [(Grower yield x price) – (Grower N rate x price)]

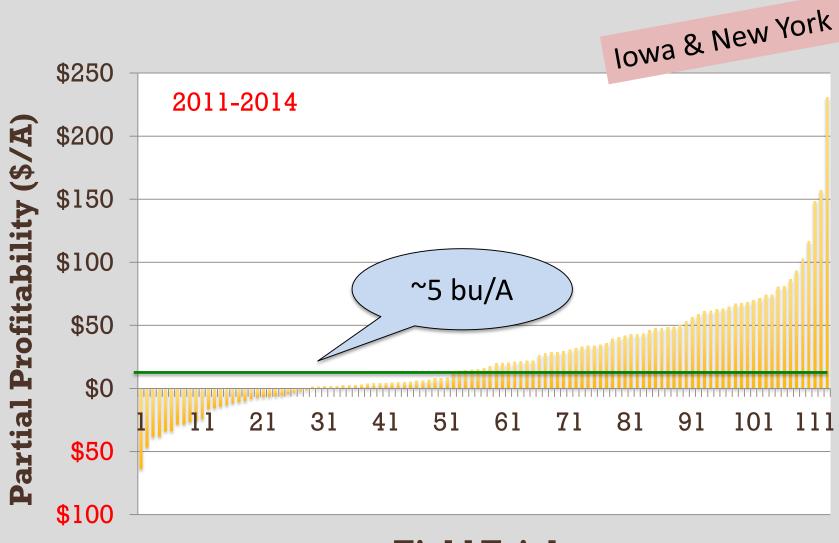
2016 Results: Win Ratio

EncircaSM improved return on N fertilizer investment in 60 % of trials



[(Grower yield x price) – (Grower N rate x price)]

Adapt – N . . . Partial Profitability



Field Trials



Programs that consider the previous crop in terms of legume credits also credit for manure and other non-fertilizer sources of nutrients.

Residual N

Preplant soil sampling (mostly field level, but some spatial)

- Conventional extraction with wet chemistry analysis
- *Ion exchange* extraction with wet chemistry analysis

In-season soil sampling for side-dress N recommendation

- Conventional extraction with wet chemistry analysis
- Rapid "in-field" procedure for extraction of nitrate in moist soil with *nitrate electrode* analysis





Plant Root Simulator

Anion PRS Probe

adsorbs: NO₃⁻, H₂PO₄⁻, SO₄²⁻, micros, etc.

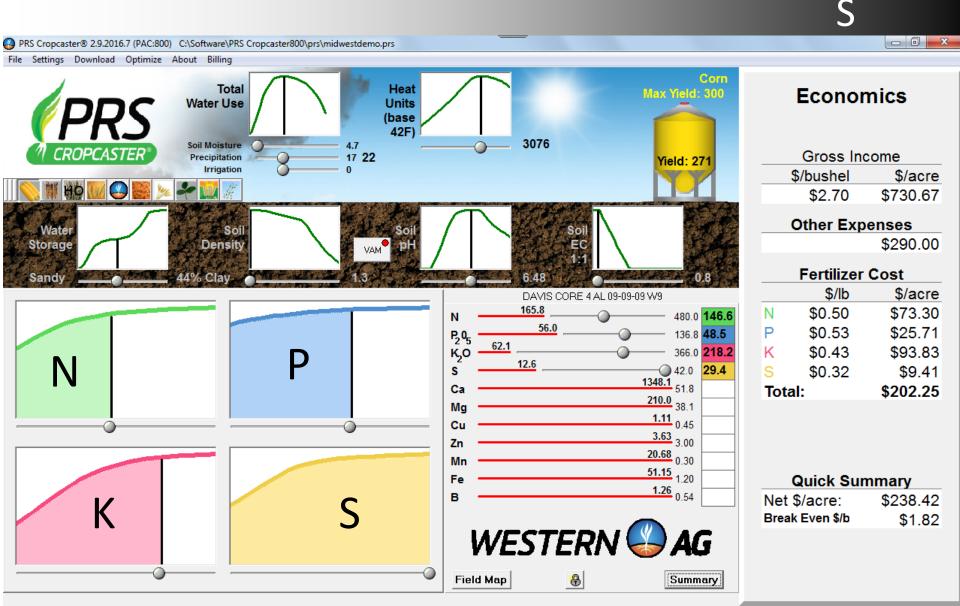
Anion Resin Quaternary R-NH₄⁺

Cation PRS Probe

adsorbs: NH₄⁺, K⁺, Ca²⁺, Mg²⁺, etc.

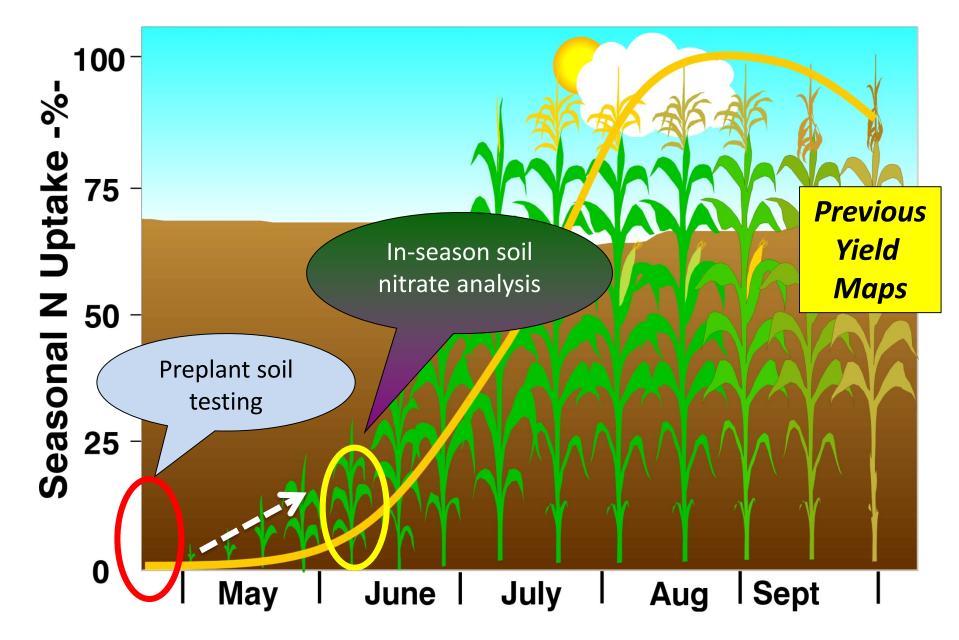
Cation Resin sulfonic acid R-SO₃⁻

Producer Interactive Software



P

Where Does Soil Testing Fit ?



Yield 360 Center - Rapid-Nitrate Test



Moist soil sample Add distilled water Mix well Nitrate electrode analysis "You can't work on a solution until a problem has been identified "

Early Detection and Analysis



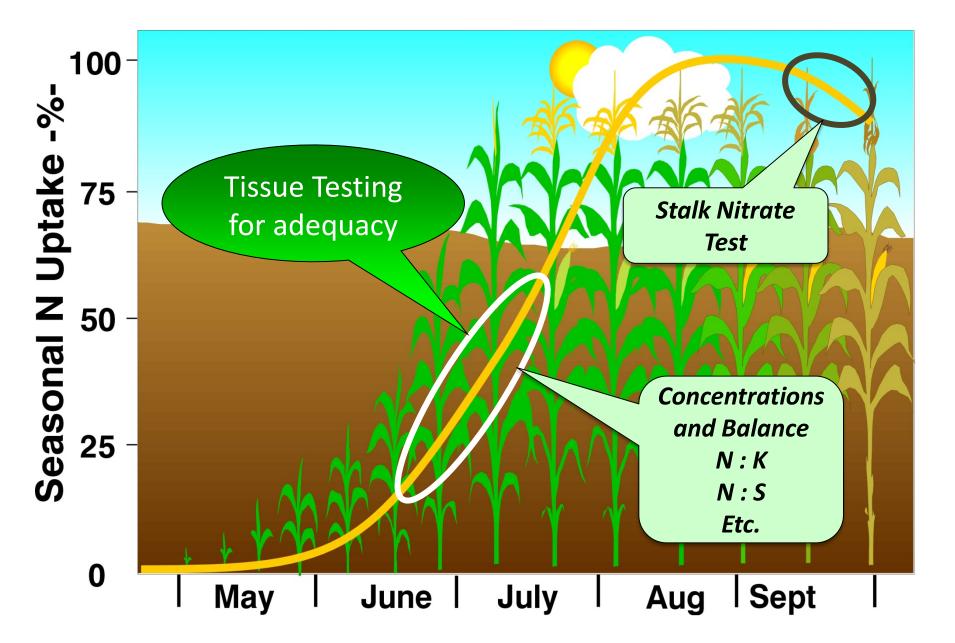
Only a few tools use tissue testing

- In-season nutrients
- Stalk nitrate test

Some N management packages offer a **remote sensing option**

Independent **remote sensing services** are available

Where Does Tissue Testing Fit ?



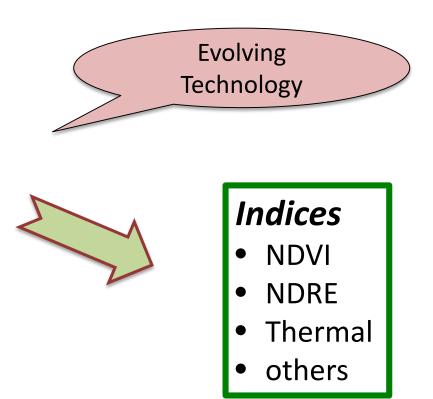


Satellite

3 or 4 – band aircraft

Drones???

Crop canopy sensors



"A picture is worth 1000 words ! "



Photosynthesis Chlorophyll

Biomass

Assumes nutrients and water are adequate

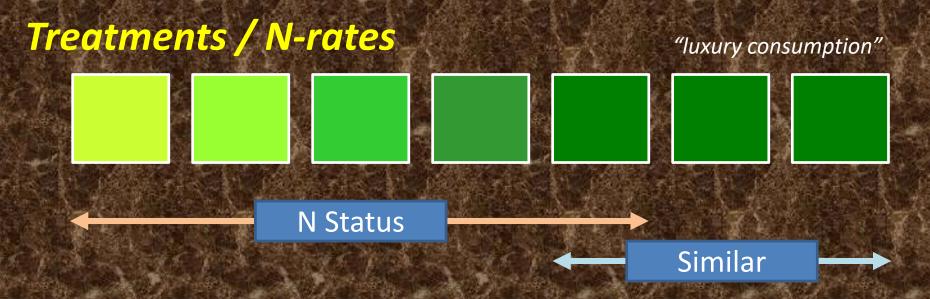


Chlorophyll Content X

Incoming Radiation

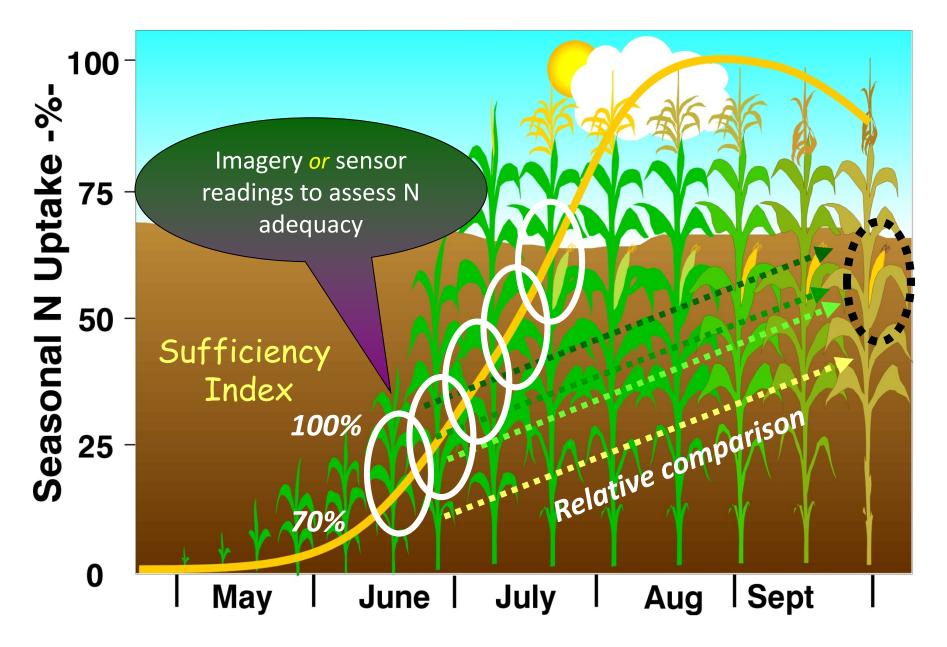
Imagery and crop sensor values are indicative of :

"living biomass" and "chlorophyll content"

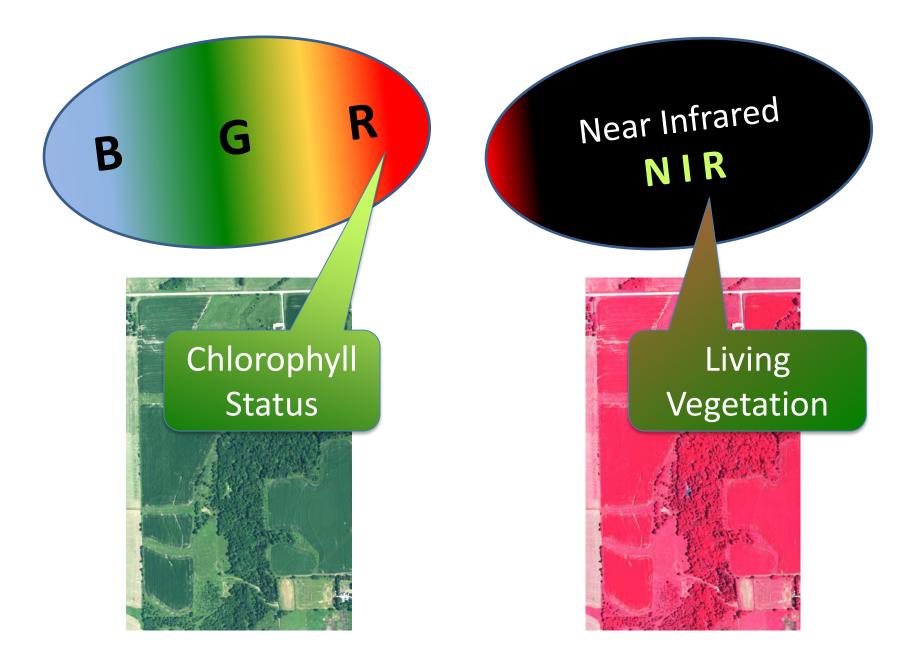


Sensors and images can not quantify excess N AND Soil background reduces sensitivity

Where Does Remote Sensing Fit ?



Remote Sensing

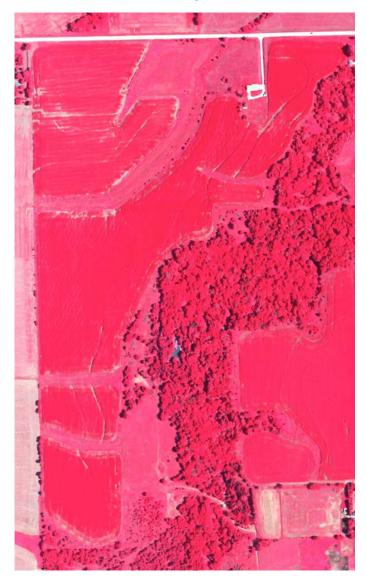


John Niemeyer Field (July 27, 2015)

Color (R G B)



Color Infrared



John Niemeyer Field (July 27, 2015)



Color Infrared

Stretched Color Infrared over Color Image

NDVI

low

high

John Niemeyer Field (July 27, 2015)



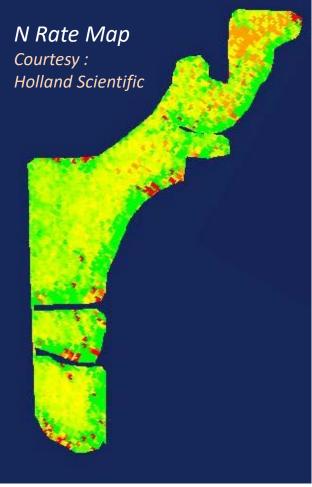
NDVI



Management Zones



"*Real-Time*" Algorithm



Variable N Rate

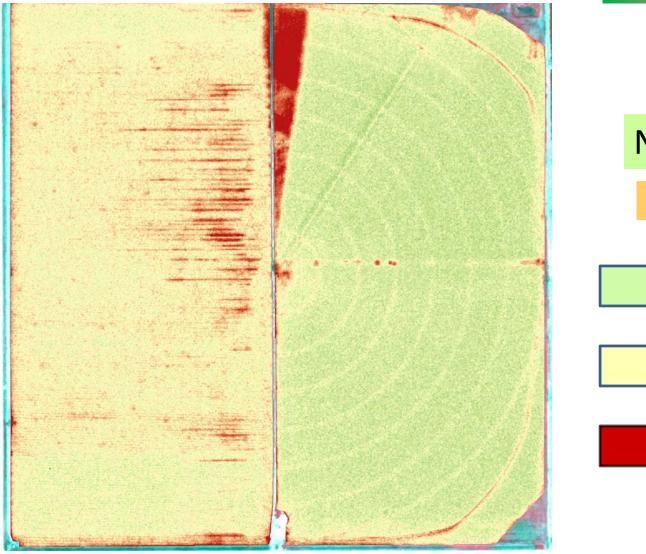
very low medium high <u>cut-back</u>



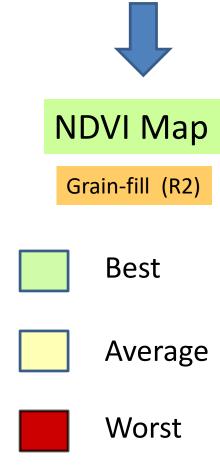
Row Direction ?

Tell-Tale -----Cultural Practices ?

Irrigated Corn - 2012



Color IR Image

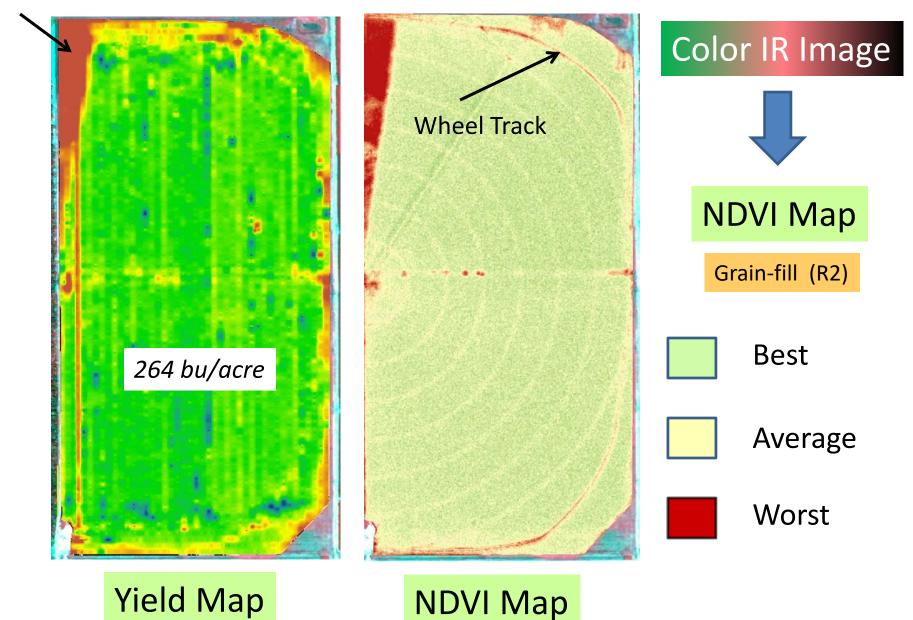


Furrow

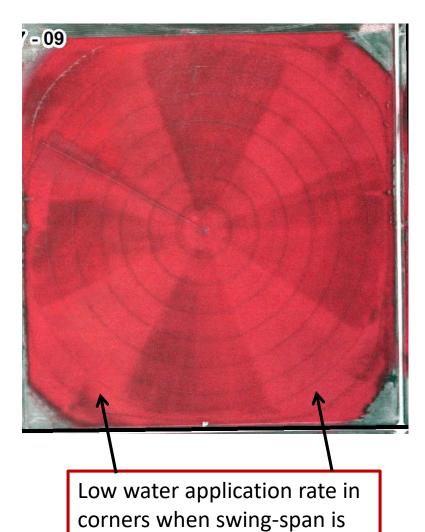
Pivot

Irrigated Corn - 2012

110 bu/acre



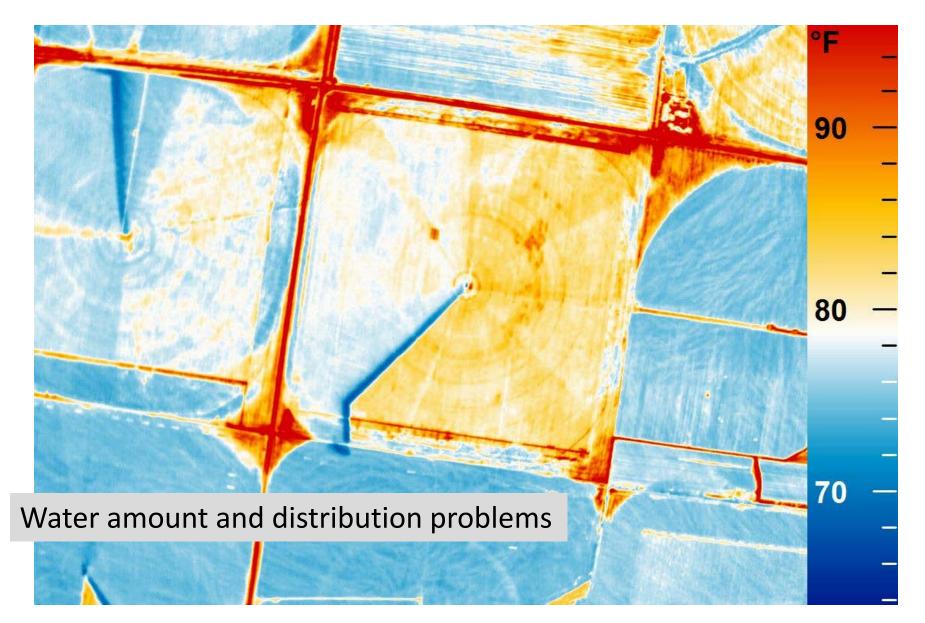
Color IR Image (Corn 2012)

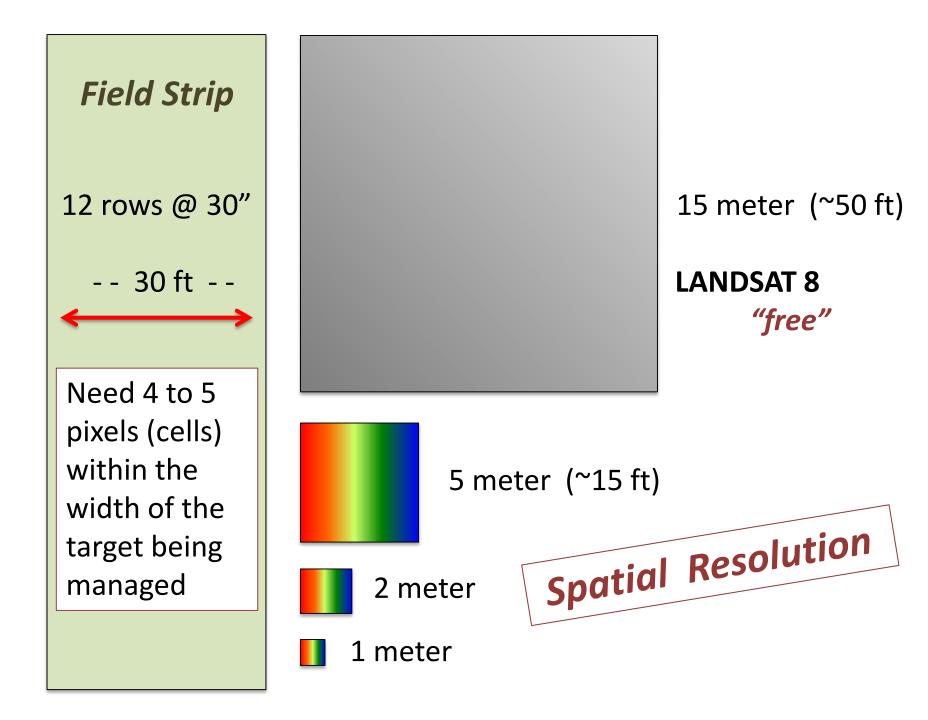


extended

13-07-10 Nozzle problem near pivot track Cultural practice difference (hybrid, previous crop, ?)

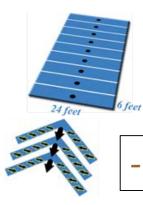
Thermal Infrared (canopy temperature)



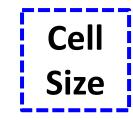


Problems with Spatial Resolution

• Yield maps



Width of combine head Distance per second



~250 cells/ac (12 rows @ 4 mph and 1 Hz logging)

- Wedge-shaped cells - -

Imagery



Inches to many feet

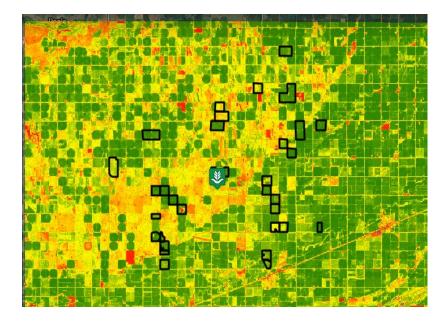
~1.6 million pixels/ac @ 2 in 43,560 pixels/ac @ 1 ft 10,890 pixels/ac @ 2 ft 4,840 pixels/ac @ 3 ft 1,210 pixels/ac @ 6 ft 194 pixels/ac @ 15 ft Cell and pixel shapes are different



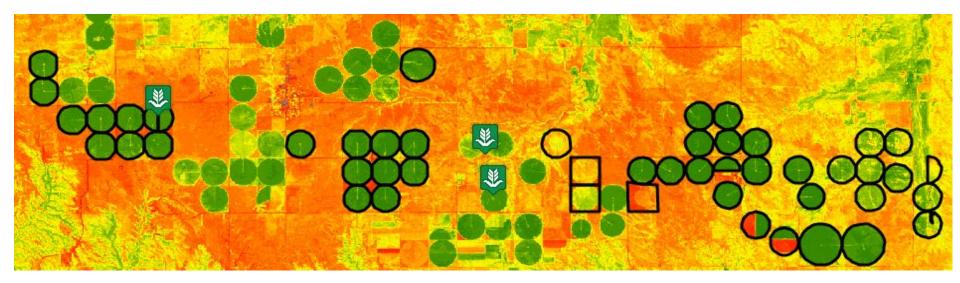
Imagery from Farmshots



South Farm

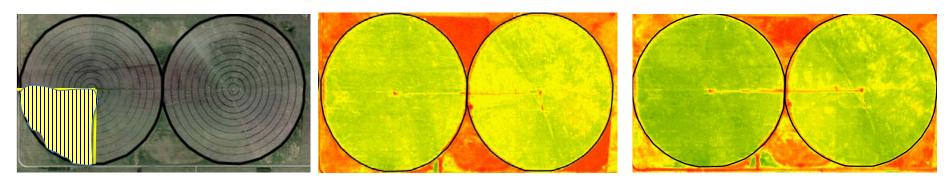


North Farm

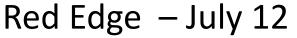


Imagery Time Series

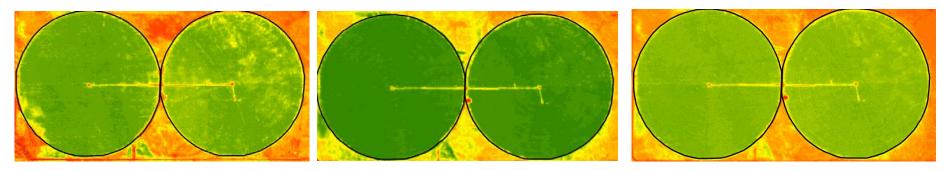
Bare Soil NDVI – June 19 NDVI – June 23



NDVI – June 28 NDVI – July 12 Red



Low



Source : Farmshots

High

NDVI	V12 V8		Bare Soil Reference
			V8 R3
	NIR -	Red	
	NIR +	Red	NDVI
Bare soil	28%	18%	.22
V8	44%	6%	.76
V12	55%	6%	.80

Drone-Based Imagery



2" spatial resolßution is common

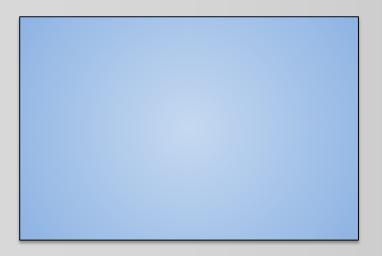
1.6 million pixels / A256 million pixels / 160 A

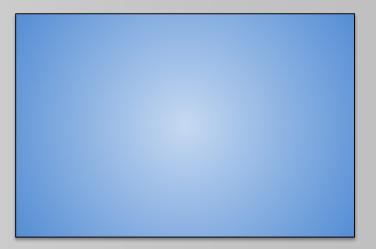
Yield map has ~40,000 cells / 160 A

Vignetting

Means : "light fall-off"

Effect : gradual darkening





Are you planning to use a drone to view your field ?

Are you paying for someone to image your field ?

Check out the following web site :

agribotix.com/blog/2015/12/12/vignetting-effects-illustrated/

Examples :

- "time of day" images
- over-sampling
- vignetting
- cloud cover

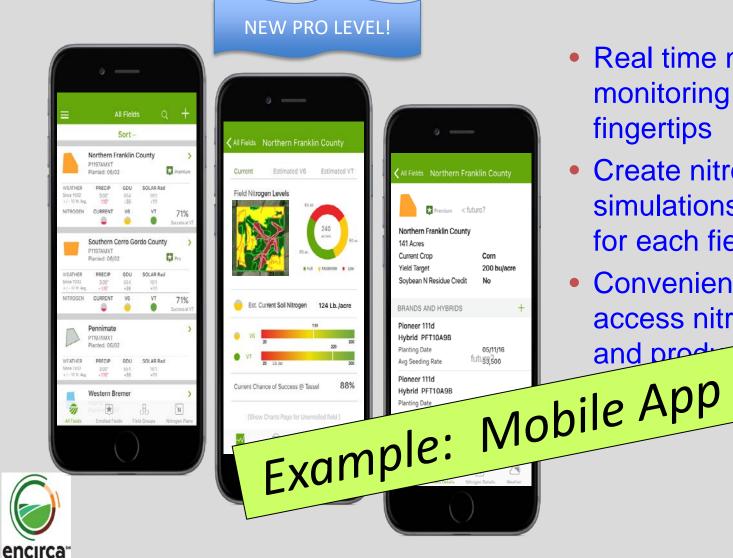
Information and Technology Transfer

Specially Trained Agents Demonstrations Field Days Conferences Dealers Web Sites Advertising

Encirca FieldView Western Ag Farmers Edge ServiTech Crop Quest Independents

Winfield FieldView Adapt-N Beck's Seed Yield 360 SATSHOT Farmshots FarmLogs Mavrx TerrAvion GeoVantage senseFly Senera FarmLens

EncircaSM Nitrogen Service





- Real time nitrogen monitoring at your fingertips
- Create nitrogen plan simulations customized for each field
- Convenient mobile app to access nitrogen, weather and product planting

Cab Display (FieldView)





Add enough value to pay for N management tools and services :

